Department of Mathematics and Statistics  
Assessment Report  
For the  
M.S., M.A.T and Ph.D. in Mathematics  
Fall 2005 - Spring 2006

Introduction

The Department of Mathematics and Statistics (DMS) has collected information approximately as directed by the department’s Student Learning Outcomes Assessment Plan (Appendix 1). This includes comparison to other institutions, a summary of comprehensive exam results and tracking our students after they graduate.

Assessment Facts and Analysis

I. COMPARISON TO OTHER INSTITUTIONS

We examined the graduate programs in mathematics at the University of Wyoming, the University of North Dakota and the University of Idaho. These are all research universities in states of roughly comparable size. While the size of the graduate programs varies considerably, the number of math faculty in each department was pretty consistent and averages just over twice the size of the UAF DMS math faculty. MS degree requirements were generally similar or less than those at UAF DMS. PhD requirements (for UW and UI; note UND does not have a PhD) are stronger. Graduate student stipends were comparable to the DMS stipend of $12,000 plus a tuition waver.

University of Wyoming. The math department at UW offers an M.A., M.S., M.A.T., and a Ph.D. in mathematics. Their department is a mathematics-only department (as opposed to DMS which includes statistics) and has 20 professorial rank math faculty and about 10 lecturers and instructors. Thus the faculty is much more than twice as large as UAF DMS. They currently list 25 graduate students in mathematics. Their website lists four PhD graduates and eight MS graduates from 2005 and 2006. Thus they produce at a much higher rate than UAF DMS.

Most first year students teach college algebra and trigonometry and advanced students teach calculus. Graduate student stipend is $10,000 to $14,000 per year plus a tuition waver.

Their program more than twice the size of our DMS and they also offer more than twice as many courses at the graduate level. Their MA/MS core consists of 7 courses. Four are identical to the DMS core but UW also requires a year sequence of applied courses (roughly equivalent to our Math 611-612 sequences) and a semester of linear algebra. UW requires a comprehensive exam and a project or thesis for master’s degree students, as does DMS.
UW’s Ph.D. program is much more developed than the DMS program. Here is a description of the PhD requirements: “Students must pass a qualifying examination at the Ph.D. level, show proficiency in one foreign language, and pass a preliminary examination. In addition, candidates for the Ph.D. must complete at least 42 hours of courses numbered 5000 or above. Beyond the seven specific courses required for the master's degree, all programs in pure mathematics must include the following three selections: MATH 5605; either 5570 or 5555; and either (a) MATH 5270 or (b) an additional applied mathematics course, chosen from MATH 5310, 5340, 5345 and 5440. Programs of students specializing in an area of applied mathematics must include, beyond the seven specific courses required for the master's degree, the following four selections: MATH 5340, 5345, either MATH 5270 or 5275 and either MATH 5310 or 5320. Applied mathematics students ...”

University of North Dakota. The math department at UND offers M.S. and M.Ed. degrees in mathematics, but no PhD. Their department website lists 15 professorial faculty members. They currently list 12 graduate TAs in mathematics. Thus their number of students is comparable to UAF DMS, but they have twice the faculty.

The MS degree can be taken with or without thesis (30 credits for the former, 32 the latter). Their core course requirements require a bit less breadth but a bit more depth than UAF DMS; students must complete a year of coursework in two of five subject areas.

University of Idaho. The math department at UI offers the M.S., M.A.T. and Ph.D. in mathematics. Their department website lists 14 professorial faculty members and ten additional instructors and lecturers. The website lists 18 graduate student TAs and RAs.

The M.S. degree is geared toward entrance into a Ph.D. program and does not require a thesis or a specific list of courses, but does require a comprehensive exam that is similar to the UAF DMS exam. (This is typical of schools whose emphasis in on a Ph.D. program.) UI has several graduate courses designed specifically for the M.A.T. degree, which can be obtained through distance learning. Their course offering for the M.S. and Ph.D. program are wider in breadth though only somewhat deeper than ours.

A preliminary exam is required of all PhD students. The statement “Preliminary exams are at a significantly higher level than MS exams” appears on the website.

II. SUMMARY OF THE COMPREHENSIVE EXAM IN MATHEMATICS

The MS level comprehensive exams consist of three two-hour written exams. These exams are generally given each spring. Each exam covers one course from the student’s graduate study plan. Two of these exams must be from the four “core” course: Math 631 Algebra, Math 641 Real Analysis, Math 645 Complex Analysis, and Math 651 Topology. The third exam may be taken from any 600-level mathematics course, as approved by the examination committee.
New exams are created for each round of comprehensive exams. Typically the faculty member who taught the course writes the exam, but a second faculty member reviews the exam before it is given to the students. If the student exam is not one of the core subjects, the student must solicit and receive a commitment from the relevant instructor to create and grade. Copies of old exams are made available to students.

Two faculty members grade each exam. The results are then reviewed by the examination committee. Students must pass all three exams in order to have passed the comprehensive examination. If a student passes two of the three exams but fails a third, then the student must retake (with a new test) the failed subject in a timely manner, usually within one month of the first attempt. If the student then passes this exam, he/she is considered to have passed the comprehensive exam. If the student fails the retake, or fails two or more exams on the initial attempt, then the student is considered to have failed the comprehensive exam. The student must then wait at least one semester before attempting the complete suite of three comprehensive exams.

These comprehensive exams are required of all Ph.D. students but are not sufficient to complete the examination requirements for the doctoral degree. Further examinations, presumably oral, in the area of the dissertation are expected and are the responsibility of the student’s committee. The department is in the process of reviving the Ph.D. program, and while we have several Ph.D. students none has yet passed the preliminary exam.

Appendix II shows results for the Spring 2005 and Fall 2006 comprehensive exam process.

**III. Summary of Recently Graduated Students.**

*Below is a complete list of graduate students in our department who have graduated since 2002; there were no graduates in 2003 or 2004 but there were two in 2005 and . The list, which is in reverse chronological order, includes their name, thesis/project title, date of graduation.*


Valeri Groshev, Project: (title?) M.S. August 2006, Advisor – Sergei Avdonin


Anna Bulanova, Project: (title?) M.S. May 2006, Advisor – Sergei Avdonin

Igor Filippov, Project: *Controllability of an Elastic Ring with Variable Tension*, M.S. August 2005; Advisor – Sergei Avdonin  [in PhD Economics program (where?)]

### III*. CURRENT GRADUATE STUDENTS.

*Below is a complete list of 11 current graduate students in mathematics in UAF DMS. The list, which is alphabetical order, includes their name, degree program, and advisor (if determined).*

Anna Bulanova, PhD, Avdonin

Russell Deforest, MS, Bueler

Vasili Godabrilidze, PhD, Avdonin

Michael Hazlett, MS

Larry Huff, MS

Elchin Jafarov, MAT, Avdonin and Rickard(??)

Amy Keith, MAT, Faudree and Rickard

James Lawless, MS, Faudree

Constantine Khroulev, MS, Rybkin

Victor Mikhailov, PhD, Avdonin

Beth Zirbes, MS, Allman

**Summary**

Based on these data we feel that our MS is quite satisfactory. We give our students a broad mathematical background, we require rigorous comprehensive exams, their thesis or project gives them the opportunity to study a particular area in detail. The majority of our M.S. graduates move on to Ph.D. programs at top-notch universities. Those interested in teaching have found instructor positions.

Ed Bueler

15 March, 2005
**APPENDIX 1**

Department of Mathematics and Statistics  
Student Learning Outcomes Assessment Plan  
for the M.S., M.A.T, and Ph.D. degrees

Date: February 2004  
Certificate or Degree Program: Master of Science, Master of Arts in Teaching, and Doctor of Philosophy  
Mission: We shall provide quality education responsive to the needs of individual students and the diverse population of Alaska.  
Goal: To assure that our graduates are adequately prepared to succeed in the job market in mathematics or a closely related field.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INTENDED OUTCOMES/OBJECTIVES</th>
<th>ASSESSMENT CRITERIA</th>
<th>IMPLEMENTATION PROCEDURES (what, when, who)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Our curriculum will be comparable to national standards.</td>
<td>Compare our program to University of Idaho, University of Wyoming, and University of North Dakota.</td>
<td>Every three years, the members of the Graduate Committee from mathematics will compare our program to the three specified institutions and give a report on their findings to the assessment committee to include in the annual report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Our students will master a core of mathematical concepts.</td>
<td>All students are required to take and pass four core courses. In order to graduate, all students must take and pass a collection of exams on core subjects.</td>
<td>Every spring, comprehensive exams will be given, graded, and discussed by the majority of the math faculty. A summary of the results will be prepared by the members of the Graduate Committee from mathematics to be included in the yearly assessment report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Our students will have the opportunity to develop the skills necessary to achieve their career goals in mathematics.</td>
<td>alumni survey</td>
<td>Every May, alumni surveys will be sent to all students who graduated with a degree in mathematics two years prior. The returned surveys will be summarized by the assessment committee in the annual report the following spring.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX 2  Comprehensive exam results

Spring 2006 MS Comprehensive (and PhD Qualifying) Exams: Takers and Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXAM:</th>
<th>real an.</th>
<th>topology</th>
<th>complex an.</th>
<th>algebra</th>
<th>math phys</th>
<th>PDE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

STUDENT

Valeriy Groshev (MS) X P X F P2 X P
Elchin Jafarov (PhD) X F X F X F
Jed Kallen-Brown (MS) X P X P X F P2
Amy Keith (MAT) X F
Robert Luz (MS) X P X P X P
Victor Mikhailov (PhD) X P X F P2 X P

KEY:  X = taken,  P = pass first time, F = fail first time, P2 = successfully retaken, F2 = failed second time

Fall 2005 MS Comprehensive Exams: Takers and Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXAM:</th>
<th>topology</th>
<th>real analysis</th>
<th>math phys</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DATE:</td>
<td>Mon 8/22</td>
<td>Wed 8/24</td>
<td>Thurs 8/25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

STUDENT

Jacob Stroh (MS) X F P2 X P X P

KEY:  X = taken,  P = pass first time, F = fail first time, P2 = successfully retaken, F2 = failed second time