The following motion passed at Faculty Senate meeting #254 on March 1, 2021:

MOTION:

The UAF Faculty Senate moves to approve the Unit Criteria for Social Work.

Effective: Spring 2021

Upon Chancellor Approval

Rationale: The Unit Criteria Committee has assessed the unit criteria submitted by the Department of Social Work. This is the first Unit Criteria for this department. The document was reviewed by the Unit Criteria Committee on November 3rd, 2020 and January 25th, 2021. The Department of Social Work criteria was approved because it is consistent with UAF guidelines.

***	******
	DocuSigned by: Julie A.K. Maier E4FCBC40FC6C4CB
	Julie A.K. Maier, UAF Faculty Senate President
The Chancellor: X Appro	es Vetoes Acknowledges
David M. White. Daniel M. White. UAF Chancellor	March 3, 2021 Date:

UAF Unit Criteria for University of Alaska Fairbanks Social Work Department

Criteria for UAF Faculty Evaluation are outlined in the document "University Policies and Procedures (The Faculty Blue Book)" Chapter III adopted in February 2020. This Chapter details the: A. Purpose; B. Types of Evaluation for Different Faculty; C Evaluation Process for Retention, Promotion, Tenure and Post-Tenure Review; D. Criteria for Instruction; E. Criteria for Research, Scholarly, and Creative Activity; F. Criteria for Public, University and Professional Service; and G. Unit Criteria.

As stated in Chapter III G, Units may develop special Unit Criteria to elucidate, but not replace, the university-wide criteria applicable to all faculty.

The following is an adaptation of the "University Policies and Procedures (The Faculty Blue Book)" Chapter III for use in evaluating the faculty of the **University of Alaska Fairbanks Social Work Department.** Items in **boldface italics** are those specifically added or emphasized because of their relevance to the Department/Discipline's faculty, and because they are additions to the University Policies and Procedures.

Chapter III: Faculty Evaluation

A. Purpose

Excerpted from the "University Policies and Procedures (The Faculty Blue Book)" Chapter III A.

It is the policy of the university to evaluate faculty on the basis of the criteria identified below. Evaluations shall appraise the extent to which each faculty member has met the performance assignment, the extent to which the faculty member's professional growth and development have proceeded, and the prospects for the faculty member's continued professional growth and development. Evaluations shall also identify changes, if any, in emphasis required for promotion, tenure and continued professional growth and may result in the initiation of processes to improve performance.

For purposes of evaluation at UAF, the total contribution to the university and activity in the areas outlined below will be defined by demonstrated competence from the following areas: 1) effectiveness in teaching; and/or 2) achievement in research, scholarly and creative activity; and/or 3) effectiveness of service.

Bipartite faculty are regular academic rank faculty who fill positions that are designated as performing two of the three parts of the university's tripartite responsibility. Social Work faculty appointments can be either bipartite or tripartite. The bipartite faculty are designated to perform teaching and service.

B. Types of Evaluation for Different Faculty

See "University Policies and Procedures (The Faculty Blue Book)" Chapter III B for the description of the types of evaluation for different faculty.

C. Evaluation Process for Retention, Promotion, Tenure and Post-Tenure Review Excerpted from the "University Policies and Procedures (The Faculty Blue Book)" Chapter III C.

1. General Evaluation Criteria

Evaluators may consider, but shall not be limited to, whichever of the following are appropriate to the faculty member's professional obligation, as specified in the workload agreements:

- mastery of subject matter;
- effectiveness in teaching;
- achievement in research, scholarly, and creative activity;
- effectiveness of public service;
- effectiveness of university service;
- demonstration of professional development; and
- quality of total contribution to the university.

Community engagement scholarship

In addition, departments or disciplines may elaborate in writing, with Faculty Senate approval, on these or other criteria which take into account the distinctive nature of the discipline or special university assignment. See Unit Criteria.

D. Criteria for Instruction

A central function of the university is instruction of students in formal courses and supervised study. Teaching includes those activities directly related to the formal and informal transmission of appropriate skills and knowledge to students. The nature of instruction will vary for each faculty member, depending upon workload distribution and the particular teaching mission of the unit. Instruction includes actual contact in classroom, correspondence or electronic delivery methods, laboratory or field and preparatory activities, such as preparing for lectures, setting up demonstrations, and preparing for laboratory experiments, as well as individual/independent study, tutorial sessions, evaluations, correcting papers, and determining grades. Other aspects of teaching and instruction extend to undergraduate and graduate academic advising and counseling, training graduate students and serving on their graduate committees, and curriculum development. A customary teaching workload for social work faculty may range from 12-18 units per year. Teaching is a significant portion of the social work workload.

1. <u>Effectiveness in Teaching</u>

Evidence of effectiveness in teaching may be demonstrated through, but not limited to, evidence of the various characteristics that define effective teachers. Effective teachers:

- a. are highly organized, plan carefully, use class time efficiently, have clear objectives, have high expectations for students;
- b. express positive regard for students, develop good rapport with students, show interest/enthusiasm for the subject;
- c. emphasize and encourage student participation, ask questions, frequently monitor student participation for student learning and teacher effectiveness, are supportive of student diversity;
- d. emphasize regular feedback to students and reward student learning success;
- e. demonstrate content mastery, discuss current information and divergent points of view, relate topics to other disciplines, deliver material at the appropriate level;
- f. regularly develop new courses, workshops and seminars and use a variety of methods of instructional delivery, instructional design, and materials; Social Work faculty members engage in regular revision of the curriculum to reflect changes in CSWE accreditation requirements and best practice in the field of Social Work.
- g. regularly expend effort towards future oriented educational development;
- h. may receive prizes and awards for excellence in teaching.
- i. Coordinating specialized course delivery methods for students in rural Alaska, that include recruitment of adjunct faculty, logistical coordination of week- long in-person intensives, intensive academic advising and support.

- j. May provide supervision of students during formal field practicum or internships.
- k. May involve undergraduate students in research activities.
- l. Are effective in advising, mentoring, and recruiting students.

Social Work courses are responsive to state licensure requirements, national accreditation requirements, and social work administrators. These requirements change periodically, which requires regular revision to our curricula. Thus, curricular revision is a regular aspect of the instructional role of faculty.

For some faculty, advising and recruiting students is a regular instructional activity. Faculty responsible for advising remotely-located students typically provide numerous supplemental services to students, which may include providing information on financial aid, placement tests, registration, tutoring, and university admissions. These activities make advising of remotely-located students a time-consuming activity, which should be taken into consideration in the tenure and promotion process.

2. Components of Evaluation

Effectiveness in teaching *and other instructional activities* will be evaluated through information on formal and informal teaching, course and curriculum material, academic advising, training/guiding graduate students, etc., provided by:

- a. evidence in the narrative self-evaluation, which may include their underlying philosophy of teaching as it relates to effectiveness in teaching;
- b. summaries of teaching evaluations;

and at least two of the following that are supported with evidence that is not solely in the narrative self-evaluation:

- o peer classroom, *or alternative setting*, observation(s) and evaluation of lecture(s),
- o peer evaluation of course and compiled materials,
- o pedagogical organization as evidenced through peer evaluation of course syllabi.
- o documented use of best practices in teaching through external or peer review,
- o evidence of meeting course-level student learning outcomes, which may include student pre/post tests,
- evidence of pedagogical training with peer or external reviewed and documented outcomes as implemented in the classroom
- o letters of support from student or peers

Individual units may choose to require particular items from this list through their unit criteria.

E. Criteria for Research, Scholarly, and Creative Activity

Inquiry and originality are central functions of a land grant/sea grant/space grant university and all faculty with a research component in their assignment must remain active as scholars. Consequently, faculty are expected to conduct research or engage in other scholarly or creative pursuits that are appropriate to the mission of their unit, and equally important, results of their work must be disseminated through media appropriate to their discipline. Furthermore, it is important to emphasize the distinction between routine production and creative excellence as evaluated by faculty peers at the University of Alaska and elsewhere.

A customary research workload for social work is 0-9 units, and can vary greatly depending on the faculty's specific assignment. There is no expectation that bi-partite faculty within the department engage in research, scholarly, and creative activity but it is valued and encouraged.

1. Achievement in Research, Scholarly and Creative Activity

Whatever the contribution, research, scholarly or creative activities must have one or more of the following characteristics:

- a. They must occur in a public forum.
- b. They must be evaluated by appropriate peers.
- c. They must be evaluated by peers external to this institution so as to allow an objective judgment.
- d. They must be judged to make a contribution.

2. Components of Research, Scholarly and Creative Activity

Evidence of excellence in research, scholarly, and creative activity may be demonstrated through, but not limited to:

- a. Books, reviews, monographs, bulletins, articles, proceedings, *case studies*, research data and metadata, and other scholarly works published by reputable journals, scholarly presses, and publishing houses that accept works only after rigorous review and approval by peers in the discipline.
- b. Competitive grants and contracts to finance the development of ideas or projects and programs, these grants and contracts being subject to rigorous peer review and approval.
- c. Presentation of research papers before learned societies that accept papers only after rigorous review and approval by peers.
- d. Exhibitions of art work at galleries, selection for these exhibitions being based on rigorous review and approval by juries, recognized artists, or critics.
- e. Performances in recitals or productions, selection for these performances being based on stringent auditions and approval by appropriate judges.
- f. Scholarly reviews of publications, art works and performance of the candidate.
- g. Citations of research in scholarly publications.
- h. Published abstracts of research papers.

- i. Reprints or quotations of publications, reproductions of art works, and descriptions of interpretations in the performing arts, these materials appearing in reputable works of the discipline.
- j. Prizes and awards for excellence of scholarship.
- k. Awards of special fellowships for research, scholarly or creative activities or selection of tours of duty at special institutes for advanced study.
- 1. Development of processes or instruments useful in solving problems, such as computer programs and systems for the processing of data, genetic plant and animal material, and where appropriate obtaining patents and/or copyrights for said development.
- m. Inventions, disclosures with substantial documentation, patent applications and awards, and transfer of developed intellectual property (patents, copyrights, and trade secrets) to a commercial entity.
- n. The provision of expertise, service, performance and/or exhibition, to or with rural and/or Native communities; where such expertise/service/performance/exhibition is documented in books, programs, reviews, monographs, bulletins, articles, proceedings, reports, manuals, needs assessments, program evaluations, strategic plans, proposals, legal research memoranda and tribal judicial opinions, annotated bibliographies, translations, transcriptions, audio recordings, video recordings, websites, data collections, and in professional, industry, or government publications; after review and evaluation by appropriate peers from the entities and/or communities served.
- o. Presentation of original research concerning new learning and practical application at academic and practitioner conferences, seminars and trainings.
- p. Community engaged scholarship (CES) is scholarship that involves the scholar in a mutually beneficial partnership with the community. CES requires a high level of expertise; it is activity that breaks new ground or is innovative; that has significance or impact; that can be replicated and elaborated; the work and its results can be documented and disseminated; and the work and its results can be peer reviewed (peer includes both community and academy). Examples of CES include but are not limited to:
 - Work that is grounded in the unit/institutional mission
 - Community contributes to/benefits from project
 - Makes progress toward social equity and/or policy changes
 - Improves service delivery process or outcomes
 - Increases funding to continue/expand/replicate project for community partners
 - Increases capacity of individuals and community organizations to advocate for themselves
 - Enhances the ability of trainees to assume positions of leadership and community engagement

Overall the work adds consequentially to discipline(s), CES, and community and may include outcomes such as online/web material, videos, manuals, curricula, and other products.

Individual units may choose to require particular items from this list through their unit criteria.

F. Criteria for Public, University and Professional Service

Public service is intrinsic to the land grant/sea grant/space grant tradition, and is a fundamental part of the university's obligation to the people of its state. In this tradition, faculty providing their professional expertise for the benefit of the university's external constituency, free of charge, is identified as "public service." The tradition of the university itself provides that its faculty assumes a collegial obligation for the internal functioning of the institution; such service is identified as "university service."

Each individual faculty member's proportionate responsibility in service shall be reflected in annual workload agreements. In formulating criteria for evaluation, promotion, and tenure, individual units should include examples of service activities and measures for evaluation appropriate for that unit. Effectiveness in public, university and professional service may be demonstrated through, e.g., appropriate letters of commendation, recommendation, and/or appreciation, certificates and awards, media presence and other public means of recognition for services rendered.

A customary service workload for social work faculty also varies greatly depending on assignments and may range from 6-21 units. Field Director and other service intensive positions will have higher service units while standard faculty positions will have lower service responsibilities.

1. Public Service

Public service is the application of teaching, research, and other scholarly and creative activity to constituencies outside the University of Alaska Fairbanks. It includes all activities which extend the faculty member's professional, academic, or leadership competence to these constituencies. It can be instructional, collaborative, or consultative in nature and is related to the faculty member's discipline or other publicly recognized expertise. Public service may be systematic activity that involves planning with clientele and delivery of information on a continuing, programmatic basis. It may also be informal, individual, professional contributions to the community or to one's discipline, or other activities in furtherance of the goals and mission of the university and its units. Such service may occur on a periodic or limited-term basis. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- a. Providing information services to adults or youth.
- b. Service on or to government or public committees.
- c. Service on accrediting bodies.
- d. Active participation in professional organizations.
- e. Active participation in discipline-oriented service organizations.
- f. Consulting.
- g. Prizes and awards for excellence in public service.
- h. Leadership of or presentations at workshops, conferences, or public meetings.

- i. Training and facilitating.
- j. Radio and TV programs, newspaper articles and columns, publications, newsletters, films, computer applications, teleconferences and other educational media.
- k. Judging and similar educational assistance at science fairs, state fairs, and speech, drama, literary, and similar competitions.
- 1. Active engagement in public communication of discipline-based knowledge, defined as using the research methods, theories, and analytical frameworks of the discipline to make discipline-based research and analysis accessible and useful to the lay public. Public service in this area includes, but is not limited to: blogs, documentary films, short films, op-eds published in local, regional, and/or national newspapers and online news sites; radio broadcasts; podcasts; and a strategic and sustained discipline-based presence on social media.

2. <u>University Service</u>

University service includes those activities involving faculty members in the governance, administration, and other internal affairs of the university, its colleges, schools, and institutes. It includes non-instructional work with students and their organizations. Examples of such activity include, but are not limited to:

- a. Service on university, college, school, institute, or departmental committees or governing bodies.
- b. Consultative work in support of university functions, such as expert assistance for specific projects.
- c. Service as department chair or term-limited and part-time assignment as assistant/associate dean in a college/school.
- d. Participation in accreditation reviews. The social work department is required to reaffirm accreditation every seven years which can involve up to two years of preparation along with comprehensive evaluation, data compilation and authoring of an intensive self-study report as well as a site visit.
- e. Service on collective bargaining unit committees, elected office, representative assembly membership and labor management committees.
- f. Service in support of student organizations and activities.
- g. Academic support services such as library and museum programs.
- h. Assisting other faculty or units with curriculum planning and delivery of instruction, such as serving as guest lecturer.
- i. Mentoring
- j. Prizes and awards for excellence in university service.
- k. Invoicing, transferring and securing of funds for the University for contract work (lab fees, consultant work) and intellectual property fees and commercialization fees.
- l. Establishing and maintaining field practicum sites across the state which requires regular site visits and involves monitoring student progress and verifying credentials of instructors and appropriateness of site.

- m. Social Work faculty members engage in regular revision of the curriculum to reflect changes in CSWE accreditation requirements and best practice in the field of Social Work.
 - CSWE Reaffirmation Self-Study
 - Social Work Curriculum Committee
 - Field Practicum Committee
 - Program Assessment
- n. Coordinating specialized course delivery methods for students in rural Alaska, that include recruitment of adjunct faculty, logistical coordination of week- long in-person intensives, intensive academic advising and support.
- o. Exhibiting leadership and managerial effectiveness on the department, college, or University of Alaska level and/or on behalf of statewide programs and services.

3. <u>Professional Service</u>

Professional service includes activities related to promoting a faculty member's profession or specialization, including service to professional associations and organizations. Examples of such activity include, but are not limited to:

- a. Editing or refereeing articles or proposals for professional journals or organizations.
- b. Active participation in professional organizations.
- c. Active participation in discipline-oriented service organizations.
- d. Committee chair or officer of professional organizations.
- e. Organizer, session organizer, or moderator for professional meetings.
- f. Service on a national or international review panel or committee.
- g. Organizing conferences or training opportunities for social work students, professionals, and academics.
- h. Providing professional consultation services to social service agencies and behavioral health organizations.
- i. Providing practice area expertise and services to maintain active social work practice.

G. Unit Criteria

Excerpted from the "University Policies and Procedures (The Faculty Blue Book)" Chapter III C.

Unit criteria are recognized values used by a faculty within a specific discipline to elucidate, but not replace, the general faculty criteria established in D, E, F, above for evaluation of faculty performance on an ongoing basis and for promotion, tenure, 4th year comprehensive and diagnostic review, and post-tenure review. Discipline based unit criteria should be fully aligned with the university-wide evaluation criteria in order to reflect the specific nature of individual disciplines.

Unit criteria when developed by the faculty and approved by the Faculty Senate, must be used in the review processes by all levels of review. Their use is NOT optional. It shall be

the responsibility of the candidate for promotion, tenure, 4th year comprehensive and diagnostic review, and post-tenure review to include these approved unit criteria and all their workloads in the application file.